TNEMEC

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date 14-Aug-2018 Revision Date 25-Jul-2018 Revision Number 10

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Code 1075U-00WHA

Product Name ENDURA-SHIELD II TNEMEC WHITE

Other means of identification

Common Name SERIES 1075U, PART A

UN/ID no. 1263 Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use industrial paint.

Uses advised againstConsumer use, For professional use only. Not for residential use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address Distributor

Tnemec Company, Inc. 6800 Corporate Drive, Kansas City, MO Tnemec Company, Inc. 86 Boul, des Entreprises, Ste. 203,

64120-1372 816-474-3400 Boisbriand, Quebec Canada J7G 2T3

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number Tnemec Regulatory Dept: 816-474-3400

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number 800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Flammable Liquids	Category 3

Label elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if inhaled

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance opaque Physical state liquid Odor aromatic

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/mixing/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Keep away from children

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other information

May be harmful if swallowed

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Cancer hazard. Contains crystalline silica which can cause cancer. (Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure).

Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs

SEE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acute Toxicity

 $35.40224\ \%$ of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ)	14808-60-7	10 - <30%

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TOTAL DUST)	13463-67-7	10 - <30%
N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	1 - <10%
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE	110-43-0	1 - <10%
AMORPHOUS SILICA	7631-86-9	1 - <10%
PROPRIETARY	-	1 - <10%
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	1 - <10%
AMORPHOUS SILICA	7631-86-9	1 - <10%
HEXYL ACETATE	142-92-7	1 - <10%
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE	21645-51-2	0.1 - <1%
2,4-PENTANEDIONE	123-54-6	0.1 - <1%
ZIRCONIUM OXIDE	1314-23-4	0.1 - <1%

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If Eve contact

eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated Skin contact

clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Immediate medical attention is required. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Self-protection of the first aider Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Treat symptomatically. Notes to physician

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

<u>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</u>
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes

Hazardous combustion products Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and

liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Oxides of nitrogen.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. MAY CAUSE HEAT AND PRESSURE BUILD-UP IN CLOSED CONTAINERS. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all

sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or

sanitary sewer system.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Remove all sources of ignition. Spills may be collected with inert, absorbent material for

proper disposal. Use non-sparking tools, protective gloves, goggles and clothing, adequate ventilation, avoid the breathing of vapors and use respiratory protective devices. Transfer

absorbent material to suitable containers for proper disposal.

Methods for cleaning up If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated

absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal

regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling Close container after each use. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not eat, drink

or smoke when using this product. If splashes are likely to occur, wear goggles. Wear protective gloves/clothing. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. When used in a mixture, read the labels and safety data sheets of all components. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of

children.

Incompatible productsWater, alcohols, amines, strong bases, metal components, surface active materials.

caustic. Acids. Alkaline. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure guidelines

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ) 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA: 50 µg/m³	50 mg/m ³
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TOTAL DUST) 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 15 mg/m ³	5000 mg/m ³
N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 710 mg/m³ STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 950 mg/m³	1700 ppm
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE 110-43-0	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 465 mg/m³	800 ppm
AMORPHOUS SILICA 7631-86-9	-	TWA: 6 mg/m ³	3000 mg/m ³
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE 7631-86-9	-	TWA: 6 mg/m ³	3000 mg/m ³

AMORPHOUS SILICA 7631-86-9	-	TWA: 6 mg/m ³	3000 mg/m ³
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE 21645-51-2	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	-	
2,4-PENTANEDIONE 123-54-6	TWA: 25 ppm Skin	-	
ZIRCONIUM OXIDE 1314-23-4	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	-	25 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Sufficient ventilation, in volume and pattern, should be provided through both local and **Engineering measures**

general exhaust to keep the air contaminant concentration below current applicable OSHA

Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) and ACGIH"s Threshold Limit Values (TLV).

Appropriate ventilation should be employed to remove hazardous decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting operations of surfaces coated with this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use chemical resistant splash type goggles. If splashes are likely to occur, wear Eye/face protection

face-shield.

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, Skin and body protection

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors, spray mist, or dust. Ensure fresh Respiratory protection

air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist or dust levels are above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH/MSHA approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Respirable

crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. General hygiene considerations

Avoid breathing dust created by cutting, sanding, or grinding.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Appearance opaque Odor aromatic

No information available Color Odor threshold No information available

Property <u>Values</u> Remarks

Melting point / freezing point

No data available 118 °C / 244.0 °F Boiling point / boiling range

37 °C / 98.0 °F Flash point Pensky Martens - Closed Cup

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit N/A Lower flammability limit 1.0

Vapor pressure Vapor density

Specific gravity 1 44896 g/cm3

Water solubility Insoluble in cold water

Solubility in other solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity 1100 centipoises approx

Other Information

Density 12.08432 lbs/gal **Volatile organic compounds (VOC)** 2.22593 lbs/gal

content

Total volatiles weight percent 18.42 % Total volatiles volume percent 31.09 %

Bulk density No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Amines. Reacts with air to form peroxides.

Incompatible materials

Water, alcohols, amines, strong bases, metal components, surface active materials, caustic, Acids, Alkaline, Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Oxides of nitrogen. Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting,

and incoordination. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis

(scarring) of the lungs.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Chemical name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TOTAL	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	=
DUST)			
13463-67-7			
N-BUTYL ACETATE	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 390 ppm (Rat) 4 h
123-86-4			
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE	= 1600 mg/kg (Rat) = 1670 mg/kg	= 12.6 mL/kg (Rabbit) = 12600	2000 - 4000 ppm (Rat) 6 h
110-43-0	(Rat)	μL/kg (Rabbit)	
AMORPHOUS SILICA	= 7900 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 2.2 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
7631-86-9			
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE	= 7900 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 2.2 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
7631-86-9			
AMORPHOUS SILICA	= 7900 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 2.2 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
7631-86-9			
HEXYL ACETATE	= 41500 μL/kg (Rat) = 42 g/kg (> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
142-92-7	Rat)		
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
21645-51-2			

2,4-PENTANEDIONE	= 55 mg/kg (Rat) = 570 mg/kg (= 1370 mg/kg (Rabbit)= 790	= 1224 ppm (Rat) 4 h
123-54-6	Rat) = 760 mg/kg (Rat)	mg/kg (Rabbit)= 810 μL/kg(
	, , ,	Rabbit)	

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin disorders. Irritating to eyes and skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Chronic Toxicity NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to

solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Cancer hazard. Contains crystalline silica which can cause cancer. (Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure). Substances known to be mutagenic to man. Skin

sensitizer.

Sensitization May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
CRYSTALLINE SILICA	A2	Group 1	Known	Х
(QUARTZ)				
14808-60-7				
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		Group 2B	-	X
(TOTAL DUST)				
13463-67-7				
AMORPHOUS SILICA		Group 1	Known	
7631-86-9		Group 3		
AMORPHOUS SILICON		Group 1	Known	
DIOXIDE		Group 3		
7631-86-9				
AMORPHOUS SILICA	_	Group 1	Known	
7631-86-9		Group 3		

Reproductive effects
STOT - single exposure
No information available
No information available

STOT - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Target organ effects Central nervous system, Eyes, Lungs, Peripheral Nervous System (PNS), respiratory

system, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Acute Toxicity 35.40224 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

59.3280479 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to daphnia
N-BUTYL ACETATE	674.7: 72 h Desmodesmus	100: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	72.8: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
123-86-4	subspicatus mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static 17 - 19: 96 h	EC50
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 62: 96 h Leuciscus	
		idus mg/L LC50 static	
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE		126 - 137: 96 h Pimephales	
110-43-0		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	
AMORPHOUS SILICA	440: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	5000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	7600: 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia
7631-86-9	subcapitata mg/L EC50	LC50 static	mg/L EC50
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE	440: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	5000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	7600: 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia
7631-86-9	subcapitata mg/L EC50	LC50 static	mg/L EC50
AMORPHOUS SILICA	440: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	5000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	7600: 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia
7631-86-9	subcapitata mg/L EC50	LC50 static	mg/L EC50
HEXYL ACETATE		3.7 - 4.4: 96 h Pimephales promelas	

142-92-7	mg/L LC50 flow-through	
2,4-PENTANEDIONE	50.3 - 71.8: 96 h Lepomis	34.4: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
123-54-6	macrochirus mg/L LC50	EC50
	flow-through 98.3 - 110: 96 h	
	Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
	flow-through 64.1 - 80.1: 96 h	
	Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50	
	flow-through	

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Environmental Media

Chemical name	log Pow
N-BUTYL ACETATE	1.81
123-86-4	
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE	1.98
110-43-0	
2,4-PENTANEDIONE	0.34
123-54-6	

Other Adverse Effects

No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal Methods Keep container tightly closed. If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert

absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in

accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Chemical name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
XYLENE		Included in waste stream:		U239
1330-20-7		F039		
TOLUENE	U220	Included in waste streams:		U220
108-88-3		F005, F024, F025, F039,		
		K015, K036, K037, K149,		
		K151		

Chemical name	CAWAST
N-BUTYL ACETATE	Toxic
123-86-4	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no. 1263
Proper Shipping Name PAINT
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III
Emergency Response Guide 128

Number

Additional information Call TNEMEC Traffic Department - 816-474-3400 for additional information or other modes

of Transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL/NDSL Complies
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

ENCS Does Not Comply

IECSC Complies

KECL Does Not Comply
PICCS Does Not Comply
AICS Complies

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and and Title 40n of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Categorization

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4	5000 lb			X

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs	RQ
N-BUTYL ACETATE	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
123-86-4			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical name	California Prop. 65
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ) - 14808-60-7	Carcinogen
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TOTAL DUST) - 13463-67-7	Carcinogen
AMORPHOUS SILICA - 7631-86-9	Carcinogen
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE - 7631-86-9	Carcinogen
AMORPHOUS SILICA - 7631-86-9	Carcinogen
PETROLEUM SOLVENT (NAPTHA) - 64742-95-6	Developmental
TOLUENE - 108-88-3	Developmental
CARBON BLACK DUST & FUME - 1333-86-4	Carcinogen

California SCAQMD Rule 443

Contains Photochemically Reactive Solvent

State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ) 14808-60-7	Χ	X	Х
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TOTAL DUST) 13463-67-7	X	Х	Х
N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4	Х	X	Х
METHYL N-AMYL KETONE 110-43-0	Х	X	Х
AMORPHOUS SILICA 7631-86-9		Х	Х
AMORPHOUS SILICON DIOXIDE 7631-86-9		X	Х
AMORPHOUS SILICA 7631-86-9		X	Х
2,4-PENTANEDIONE 123-54-6	Х	Х	Х
ZIRCONIUM OXIDE 1314-23-4		X	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Health 3 **NFPA** Flammability 3 Instability 1 Physical hazard * Health 3* Flammability 3 Reactivity 1

HMIS (Hazardous

Material Information

System)

Tnemec Regulatory Dept: 816-474-3400 **Prepared By**

Issue Date 25-May-2017 **Revision Date** 25-Jul-2018

Revision Summary 9124571081114

Disclaimer

For specific information regarding occupational safety and health standards, please refer to the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the Tnemec Company or any of its subsidiaries assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy of completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist.

End of SDS

TNEMEC

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date 22-Aug-2018 Revision Date 16-Oct-2017 Revision Number 17

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Code 1074-1075B

Product Name ENDURA-SHIELD II 1075/1075 CON

Other means of identification

Common Name SERIES 1074/1074U/1075/1075U, PART B

Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use industrial paint.

Uses advised against Consumer use, For professional use only. Not for residential use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address Distributor

Tnemec Company, Inc. 6800 Corporate Drive, Kansas City, MO Tnemec Company, Inc. 86 Boul, des Entreprises, Ste. 203,

64120-1372 816-474-3400 Boisbriand, Quebec Canada J7G 2T3

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number Tnemec Regulatory Dept: 816-474-3400

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number 800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Flammable Liquids	Category 3

Label elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if inhaled

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance opaque Physical state liquid Odor Slight

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Keep away from children

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other information

Causes mild skin irritation

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SEE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acute Toxicity

0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (HDI) POLYMER	28182-81-2	60 - 100%
PETROLEUM SOLVENT (NAPHTHA)	64742-95-6	1 - <10%
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	1 - <10%
N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	1 - <10%
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER	822-06-0	0.1 - <1%

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Revision Date 16-Oct-2017

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If

eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Consult a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. If inhaled, remove to fresh

air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get

medical attention immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes

Hazardous combustion products Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and

liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen cyanide.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. MAY CAUSE HEAT AND PRESSURE BUILD-UP IN CLOSED CONTAINERS. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all

sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or

sanitary sewer system.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Remove all sources of ignition. Spills may be collected with inert, absorbent material for

proper disposal. Use non-sparking tools, protective gloves, goggles and clothing, adequate ventilation, avoid the breathing of vapors and use respiratory protective devices. Transfer

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absorbent material to suitable containers for proper disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Handle in

> accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Close container after each use. When used in a mixture, read the labels and safety data

sheets of all components. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of **Storage**

children.

Strong oxidizing agents. caustic. Water, alcohols, amines, strong bases, metal components, Incompatible products

surface active materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure guidelines

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm TWA: 710 mg/m³ STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 950 mg/m³	1700 ppm
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER 822-06-0	TWA: 0.005 ppm	-	

NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures

Sufficient ventilation, in volume and pattern, should be provided through both local and general exhaust to keep the air contaminant concentration below current applicable OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) and ACGIH"s Threshold Limit Values (TLV). Appropriate ventilation should be employed to remove hazardous decomposition products

formed during welding or flame cutting operations of surfaces coated with this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear face-shield.

Skin and body protection Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

INDIVIDUALS WITH LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS OR PRIOR REACTION TO Respiratory protection

ISOCYANATES MUST NOT BE EXPOSED TO VAPOR OR SPRAY MIST. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH/MSHA

approved) during and after application unless air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are below applicable limits. An airline respirator (TC 19C NIOSH/MSHA) is recommended. A vapor-particulate respirator (TC 23C NIOSH/MSHA) may be appropriate where air monitoring demonstrates vapors are less than ten times the applicable exposure limits and

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the isocyanate concentration is less than its applicable exposure limit. The use of an air-supplied respirator is mandatory whenever the airborne concentration of isocyanate

Pensky Martens - Closed Cup

monomer is unknown.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Avoid breathing dust created by cutting, sanding, or grinding.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Appearance opaque Odor Slight

Color No information available Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks</u>

рH

Melting point / freezing pointNo data availableBoiling point / boiling range72 °C / 162 °F

Flash point 38 °C / 100.4 °F

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit N/A
Lower flammability limit N/A

Vapor pressure Vapor density

Specific gravity 1.12824

Water solubility Insoluble in cold water

Solubility in other solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity 875 centipoises approx

Other Information

Density 9.40955 lbs/gal Volatile organic compounds (VOC) 0.94096 lbs/gal

content

Total volatiles weight percent 10 % Total volatiles volume percent 13.9 %

Bulk density No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Amines.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, caustic, Water, alcohols, amines, strong bases, metal components, surface active materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen cyanide.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation Contains isocyanate monomer. If subject to spray application, engineering and

administrative controls must be instituted to maintain an exposure level below .005ppm. If these controls are not adequate, the use of an air-supplied respirator is mandatory. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness,

cessation of breathing. May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. Irritating to skin.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Chemical name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
HEXAMETHYLENE	-	-	= 18500 mg/m ³ (Rat) 1 h
DIISOCYANATE (HDI) POLYMER			
28182-81-2			
PETROLEUM SOLVENT	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h
(NAPHTHA)			
64742-95-6			
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	= 3280 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 18 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
95-63-6			
N-BUTYL ACETATE	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 390 ppm (Rat) 4 h
123-86-4			
HEXAMETHYLENE	= 738 mg/kg (Rat)	= 593 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.06 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER			_ , ,
822-06-0			

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness,

cessation of breathing. Skin disorders. Respiratory disorders. Irritating to eyes and skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Chronic Toxicity Avoid repeated exposure. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Sensitization May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.

Mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product.

Reproductive effects
STOT - single exposure
No information available.
Respiratory system, Skin

STOT - repeated exposure
Target organ effects
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Central nervous system, Eyes, respiratory system, Skin, blood.

Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Acute Toxicity 0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document ...

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

89.8 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to daphnia
PETROLEUM SOLVENT		9.22: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
(NAPHTHA)		mg/L LC50	EC50
64742-95-6			
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE		7.19 - 8.28: 96 h Pimephales	6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
95-63-6		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50
N-BUTYL ACETATE	674.7: 72 h Desmodesmus	100: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	72.8: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
123-86-4	subspicatus mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static 17 - 19: 96 h	EC50
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 62: 96 h Leuciscus	
		idus mg/L LC50 static	
HEXAMETHYLENE		26.1: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	
DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER		LC50 static	
822-06-0			

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Environmental Media

Chemical name	log Pow
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	3.63
95-63-6	
N-BUTYL ACETATE	1.81
123-86-4	

Other Adverse Effects No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal Methods Keep container tightly closed. If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert

absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in

accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Chemical name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
XYLENE		Included in waste stream:		U239
1330-20-7		F039		

California Hazardous Waste Status

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste

Chemical name	CAWAST
N-BUTYL ACETATE	Toxic
123-86-4	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>DOT</u>

Proper Shipping Name paint in oil NOT REGULATED

Additional information Call TNEMEC Traffic Department - 816-474-3400 for additional information or other modes

of Transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL/NDSL Complies
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

ENCS Does Not Comply

IECSCCompliesKECLCompliesPICCSCompliesAICSComplies

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):

Chemical name HAPS Data

HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and and Title 40n of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values	
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE - 95-63-6	1.0	
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER - 822-06-0	1.0	

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Categorization

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4	5000 lb			X

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs	RQ
N-BUTYL ACETATE	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
123-86-4			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
HEXAMETHYLENE	100 lb		RQ 100 lb final RQ
DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
822-06-0			_

California Prop. 65

WARNING: None of the ingredients are listed with California Proposition 65.

California SCAQMD Rule 443

Contains Photochemically Reactive Solvent

State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	X	X	X
95-63-6			
N-BUTYL ACETATE	X	X	X
123-86-4			
HEXAMETHYLENE	X	X	
DIISOCYANATE (HDI) MONOMER			
822-06-0			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Health 2 Flammability 2 Instability 1 Physical hazard *

HMIS (Hazardous Health 2* Flammability 2 Reactivity 1

Material Information

System)

Prepared By Tnemec Regulatory Dept: 816-474-3400

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Disclaimer

For specific information regarding occupational safety and health standards, please refer to the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910.

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End of SDS